



The Validation Process

I-95 Corridor Coalition Vehicle Probe Project

ITS America Annual Meeting - 2009
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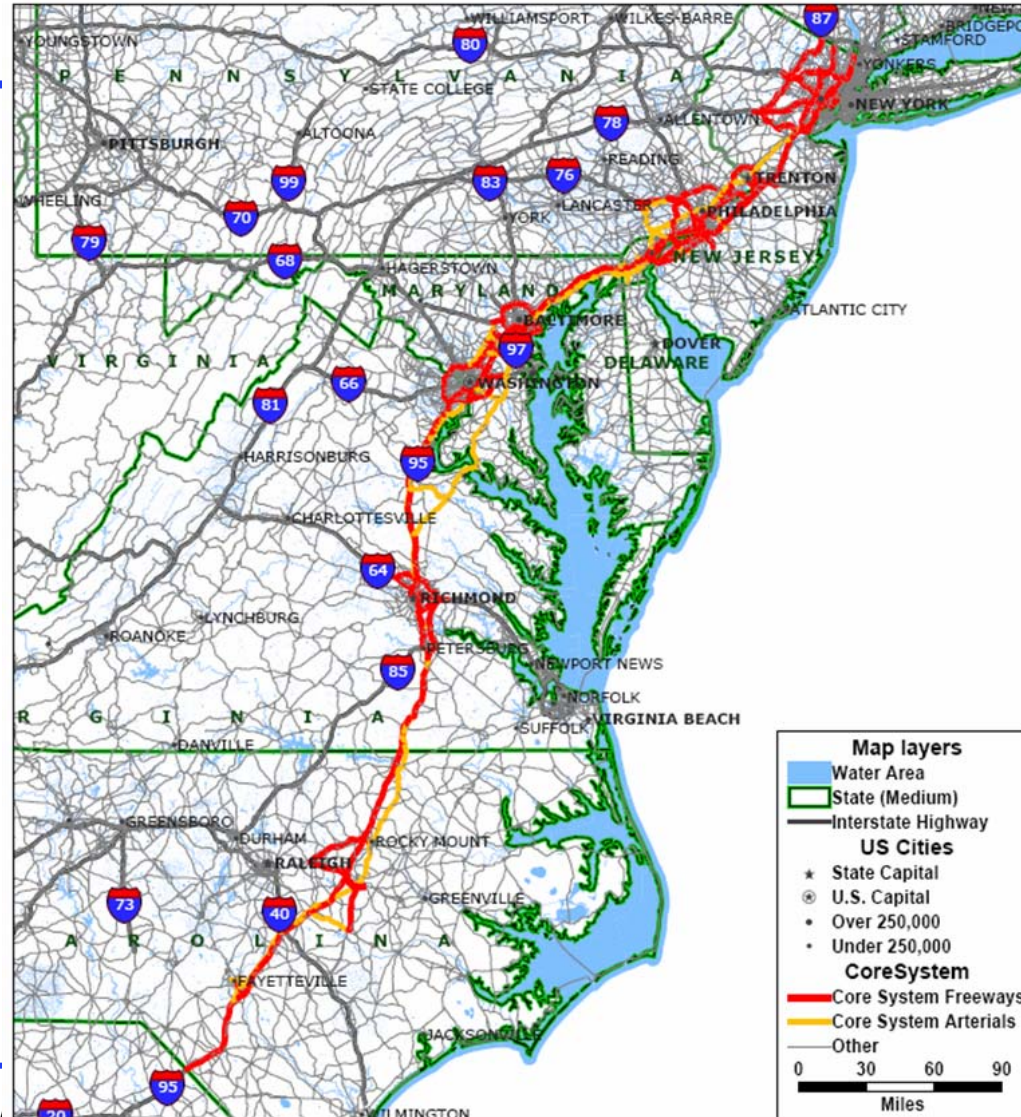
Network Coverage

Core Coverage

- 1500 Freeway miles
- 1000 Arterial miles
- New Jersey to North Carolina

Expansions

- All NJ Freeways
- All NC Interstates
- All SC Freeways
- in planning





Data Quality Specifications

Specs are applied to freeways with flows/demand exceeding 500 vehicles per hour per direction

- Travel Time / Speed Data
 - Accuracy is assessed in four flow regimes
 - 0 - 30 MPH 30-45 MPH
 - 45-60 MPH > 60 MPH
 - In each range the following apply
 - Max average absolute speed error 10 MPH
 - Speed error bias +/- 5 MPH Max
- Based on space mean speed - (distance/travel time)



The Challenge

- Validate the accuracy of the received data within the context of the data quality specifications
- Perform a three year validation for approximately 1,500 freeway miles
- Adjust contractor payments to reflect data quality



The Process

- Initial Validation (system acceptance)
 - July through September 2008
 - ~ 240 miles
- Ongoing Validation
 - Began October 2008
 - ~ 80 miles (one state) per month
- Bluetooth devices used for “ground truth”

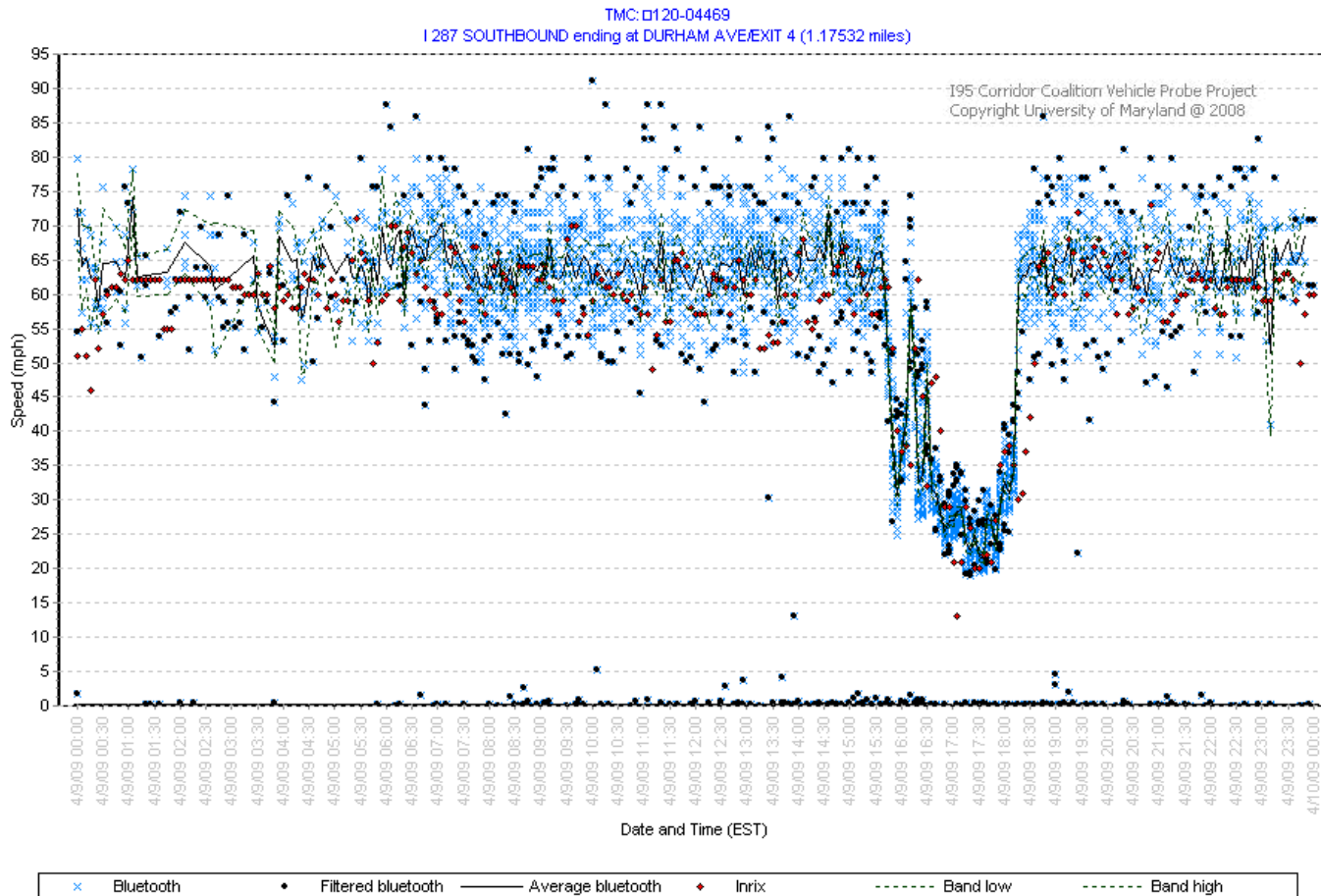


Status

- Initial (240 mile) validation completed
- Continuing validation completed in six locations (five states)
- Payment criteria developed and implemented
- All contractual requirements have been satisfied
- Results available on the Coalition website



The Source of the Evaluation Results





Summary of Overall Evaluation Results

Speed Bin (mph)	Speed Error Bias (mph)	Average Absolute Speed Error (mph)	Hours of Data Collection
0-30	3.2	6.3	84.0
30-45	1.7	6.0	120.7
45-60	0.0	1.9	1,002.3
60+	-1.3	2.2	4,389.8
All Bins	-1.0	2.3	5,596.8



Payment Considerations

- Payment adjusted downward if error thresholds exceeded in any speed bin
- Weighting factors:
 - Speed bins equally weighted (25% each)
 - AASE receives 2/3 weight
- Minimum sample size must be available for previous three months
- Offset credit provided for exceptional data quality

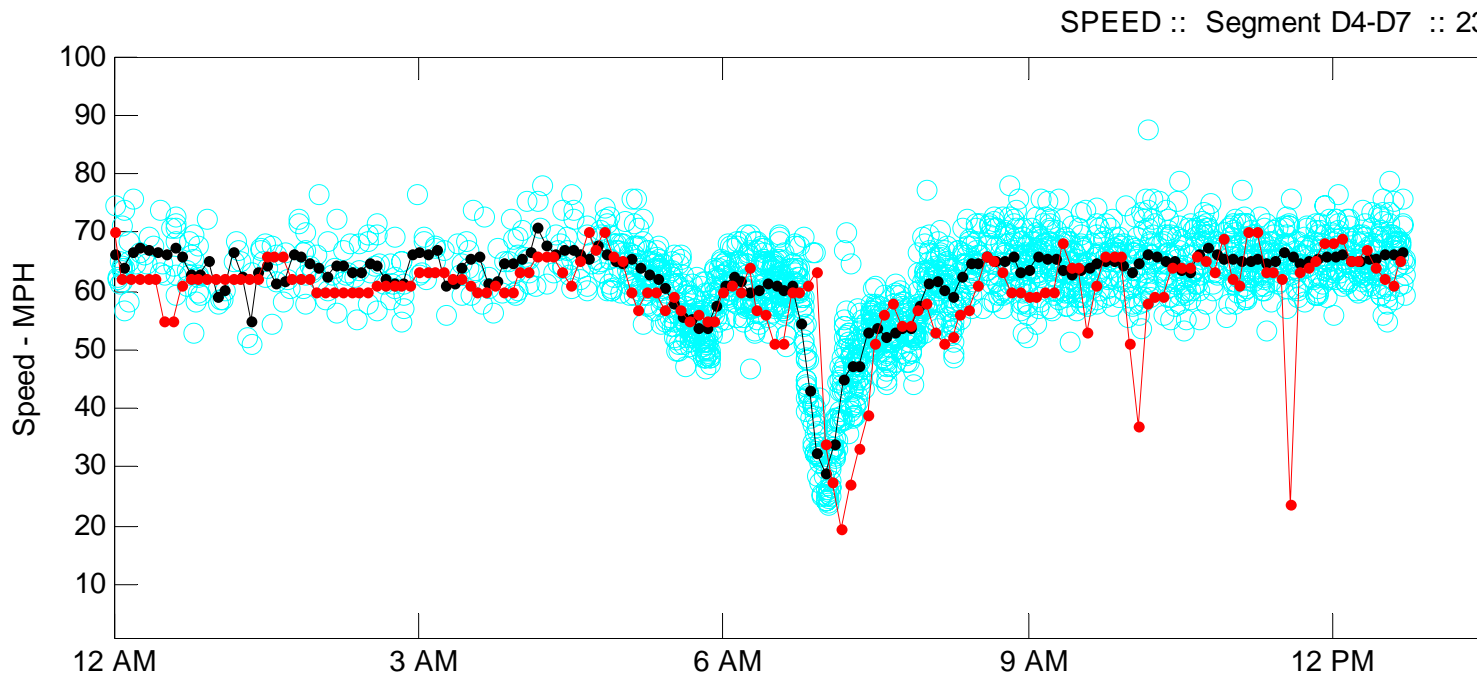


Issues for Continued Study

- False alarms and other short-duration, deviations of INRIX GPS data from the Bluetooth data.
- Appropriate outlier filtering of Bluetooth data.
- Special purpose lanes
- Data lag calculation

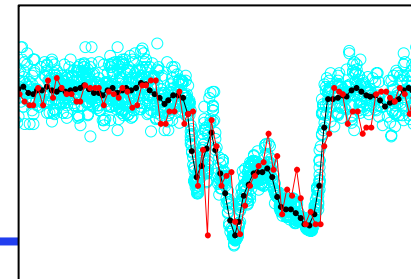
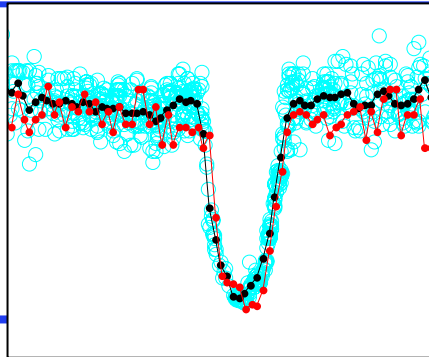


Example of False Alarm / Short Duration Spike

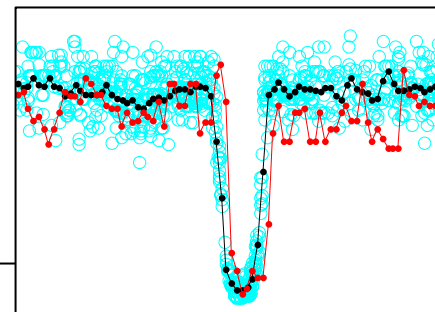




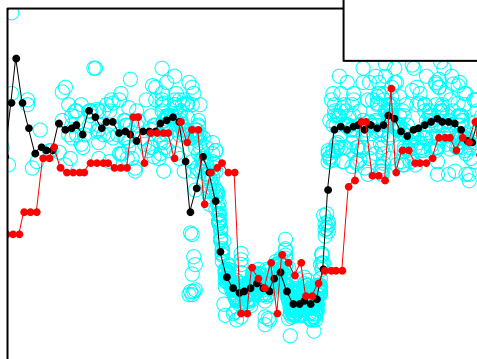
Minimal



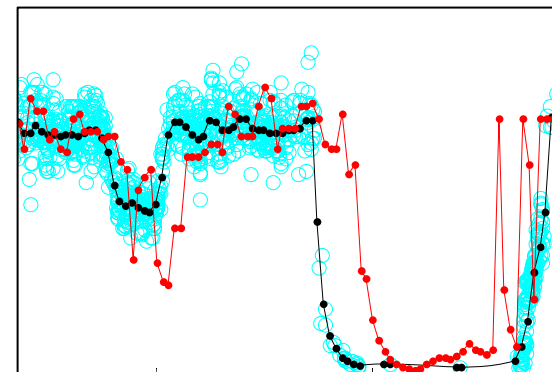
Examples of Data Lag



Moderate



Maximum





Concluding Thoughts

- Validation effort is unique in terms of its extent and data volume
- Automated data analysis tools have been developed to support the effort
- Ongoing efforts to mitigate the impact of short duration deviations
- Data quality continues to improve as process matures



More Information

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